In the Claims:

Please cancel claim 9.

Please amend claim 1 as follows:

- 1. (Amended) A method for evaluating a test compound's ability to modulate inhibit prolyl-4-hydroxylase (P4H), comprising the steps of:
- (a) introducing a test compound into a test chimeric Caenorhabditis elegans, a P4H-gene modified Caenorhabditis elegans, or a wild-type Caenorhabditis elegans, wherein the test chimeric Caenorhabditis elegans comprises a P4H gene that complements an endogenous P4H gene mutation, wherein the mutation results in an endogenous P4H that is not functional, and
- (b) observing the effect of the test compound on the prolyl 4-hydroxylase activity of the progeny of the test nematode, P4H-gene modified nematode or the wild-type nematode and determining that the effect of the test compound is due to its effect on prolyl-4-hydroxylase activity, wherein a dpy or embryonic lethal phenotype indicates prolyl-4-hydroxylase inhibition.
- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the test compound is a chemical.

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- 3. (Previously Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the test compound is a protein or peptide.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the introduction of the test compound involves placing the nematode in a solution containing the test compound.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the test compound is introduced into a wild-type nematode and the observation of dpy or embryonic lethal phenotype indicates nematode prolyl 4-hydroxylase inhibition.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the test compound is introduced into a P4H-gene modified nematode and the observation of a dpy or embryonic lethal phenotype indicates P4H inhibition.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the introduction of a test compound is into a test chimeric nematode and the observation of dpy or embryonic lethal phenotype indicates non-native prolyl 4-hydroxylase inhibition.

- 8. (Previously Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the test chimeric nematode is a *C. elegans* and harbors a dpy-18 mutation.
- 9. (Cancelled) The method of claim 1, wherein the observation of a dpy phenotype indicates that the test compound modulates the P4H gene found on chromosome III.
 - 10. (Cancelled)
 - 11. (Cancelled)
- 12. (Amended) A method for evaluating a test compound's ability to modulate prolyl 4-hydroxylase, comprising the step of:
- (a) introducing a test compound into a Caenorhabditis elegans comprising a dpy-18 or phy-1 mutation phenotype, and
- (b) observing the effect of the test compound on the prolyl-4-hydroxylase activity of the progeny of the Caenorhabditis elegans and determining that the effect of the test compound is due to its effect on prolyl-4-hydroxylase activity, wherein the rescue of the

dpy-18 or phy-1 phenotype indicates an increased level of prolyl-4-hydroxylase activity.

- 13. (Cancelled)
- 14. (Cancelled)
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the test compound is part of a combinatorial chemical library.
- 16. (Original) The method of claim 12 wherein the test compound is part of a combinatorial library.
- 17. (Amended) A method for evaluating a test compound's ability to modulate inhibit P4H, comprising the steps of:
- (a) introducing a test compound into a test chimeric Caenorhabditis elegans, a P4H-gene modified Caenorhabditis elegans, or a wild-type Caenorhabditis elegans wherein the test chimeric Caenorhabditis elegans has a complemented P4H gene mutation and wherein the mutation results in a non-functional endogenous P4H, and

- (b) measuring the level of P4H activity of the progeny of the test Caenorhabditis elegans, P4H gene modified Caenorhabditis elegans or wild-type

 Caenorhabditis elegans and determining that the effect of the test compound is due to its effect on prolyl-4-hydroxylase activity, wherein a lower P4H activity compared to untested control Caenorhabditis elegans indicates that the test compound is an inhibitor of P4H.
- 18. (Original) The method of claim 17 wherein the measurement of P4H activity is via a ratio of P4H to proline.
 - 19. (Cancelled)
 - 20. (Cancelled)
- 21. (Original) The method of claim 17 wherein the test compound is part of a combinatorial library.